### CONTRIBUTIONS OF DISTRIBUTED MEDICAL EDUCATION

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### **Faculty Disclosure**

- Faculty: Professor Roger Wong
- Relationships with commercial interests:
  - Grants/Research Support: None
  - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: None
  - Consulting Fees: None
  - Other: None





### THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA











How you want to be treated.



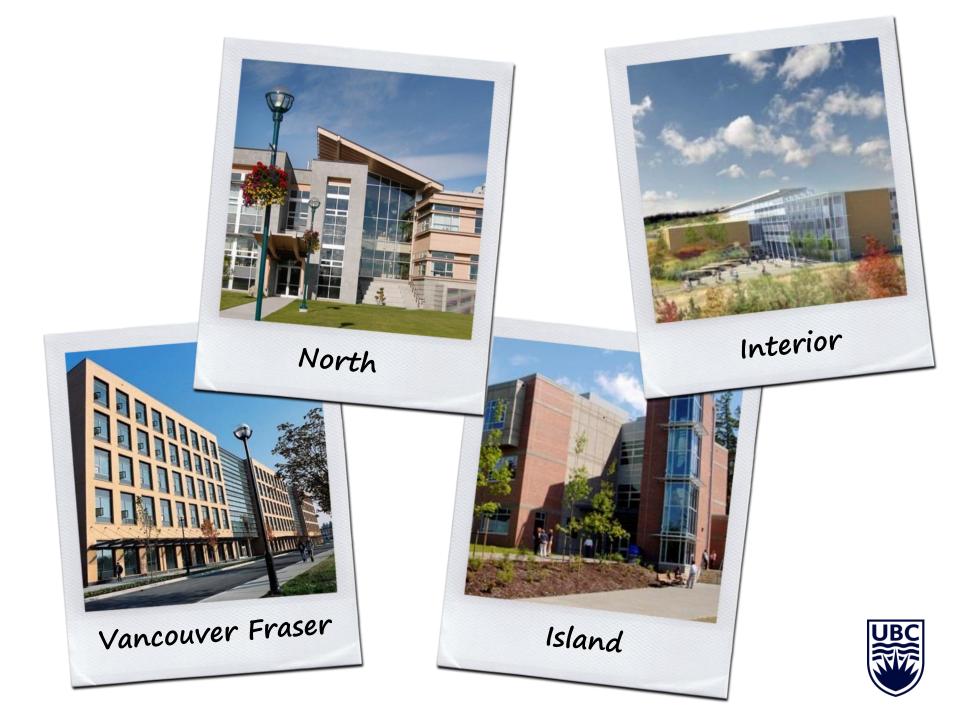


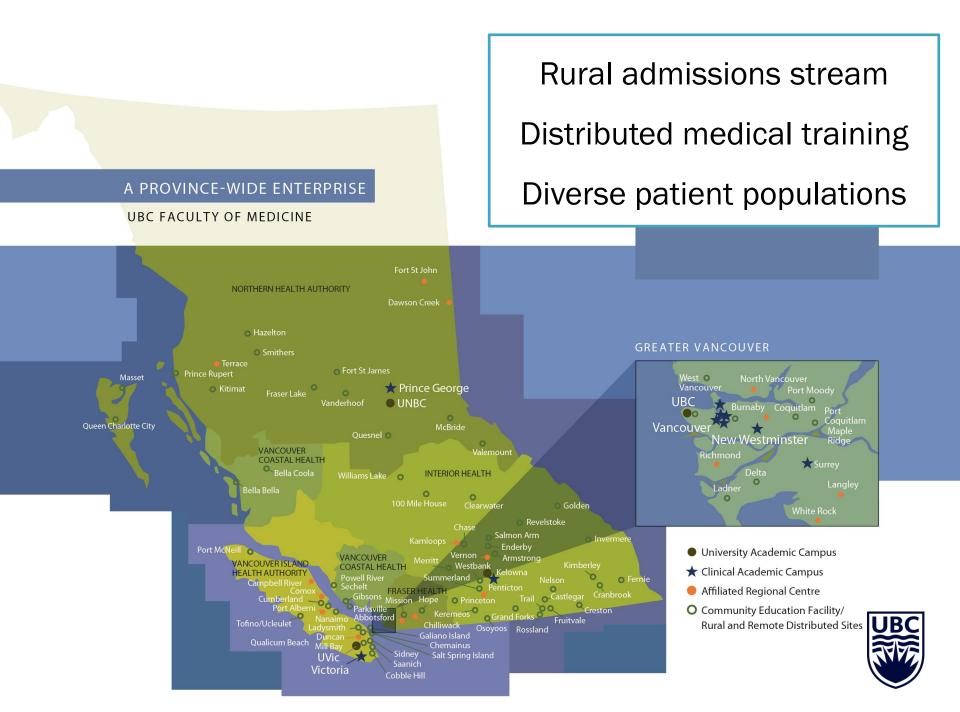




UBC is helping to increase access to health care services for British Columbians by expanding and distributing medical education across the province.



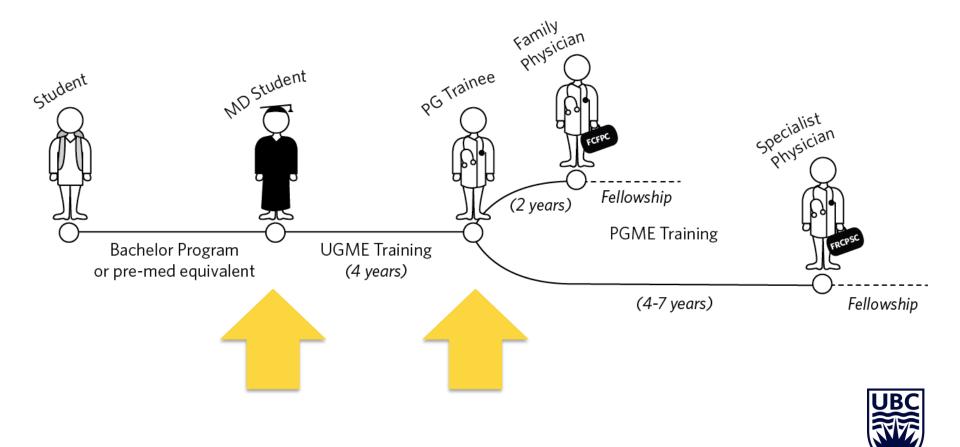




### **ABORIGINAL MD ADMISSIONS**



### **The Medical Education Continuum**



### Context



### Factors Influencing Practice Choices

### **Medical Education**

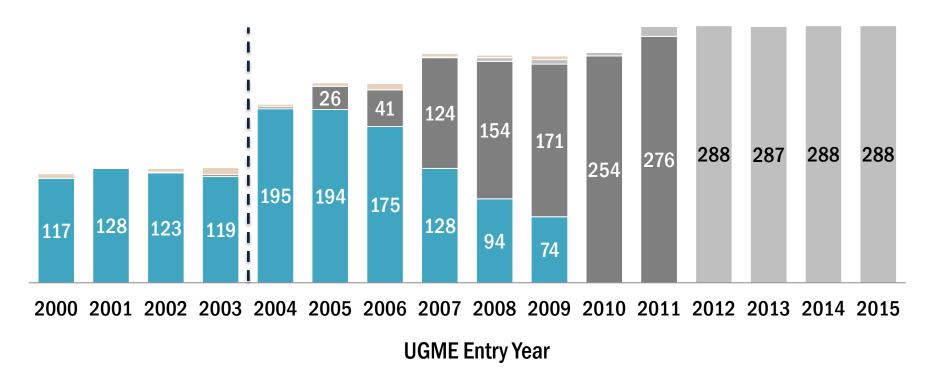
### **System & Policy**

Wilson et al. (2009) A critical review of interventions to redress the inequitable distribution of healthcare professionals to rural and remote areas. *Rural Remote Health*. 9(2):1060.

## Medical Training takes a long time

Current status of UGME Students (as of June 2016)

In Practice In Residency In UBC MDUP Other

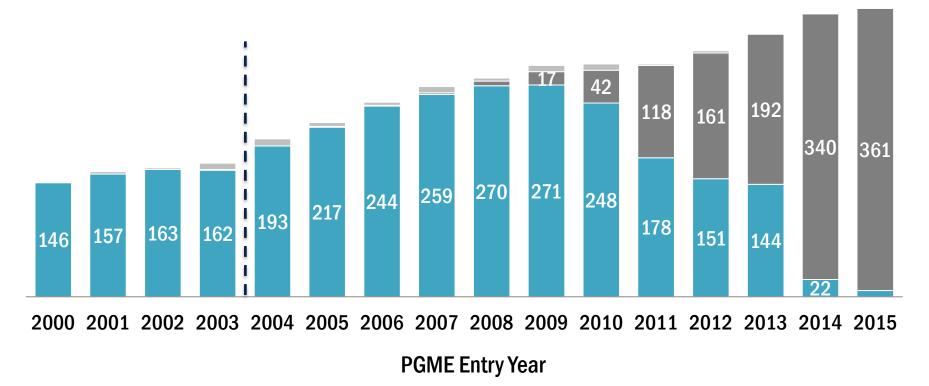




## Medical Training takes a long time

Current status of PGME Residents (as of June 2016)

■ In Practice ■ In Residency ■ Other





### **Dr. James Card:**

- Raised in Maple Ridge
- Student in first group of Northern Medical Program (2004-08)
- Family Medicine resident in Prince George (2009-10)
- Served various locums around B.C.
- Family practitioner at Mackenzie District Hospital and Health Centre (2011 – present)



2012; 34: 116-122



### TWELVE TIPS

# Twelve tips for teaching in a provincially distributed medical education program

ROGER Y. WONG, LUKE CHEN, GURBIR DHADWAL, MARK C. FOK, KEN HARDER, HANH HUYNH, RYAN LUNGE, MARK MACKENZIE, JAMES MCKINNEY, WILLIAM OVALLE, POOJA RAUNIYAR, LUKE TSE & DIANE VILLANYI

University of British Columbia, Canada



## **Tips for Distributed Classroom Teaching**

- Promote teacher-student connectivity
- Optimize the long distance working relationship
- Use the reality television show model to maximize retention and captivate students
- Include less teaching content if possible
- Tell students what you are teaching and make it relevant
- Turn on the technology tap to fill the knowledge gap



### **Tips for Distributed Bedside Teaching**

- Ask "what if " questions to maximize clinical teaching opportunities
- Try the 5-min short snapper
- Multitask to allow direct observation
- Create dedicated time for feedback
- There are really no stupid questions
- Work with heterogeneous group of students

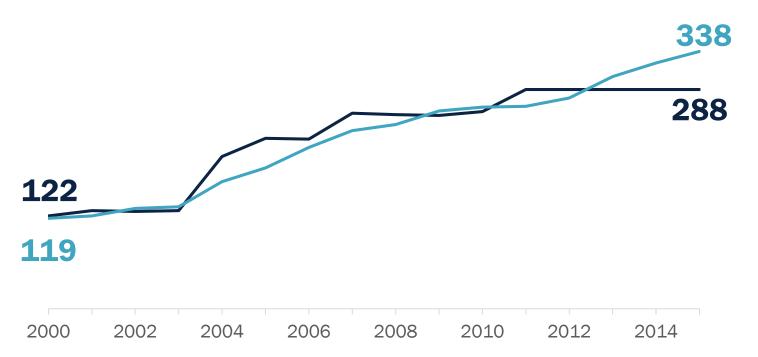


### **UBC IS CONTINUING TO INCREASE** THE SUPPLY OF PHYSICIANS TO BC



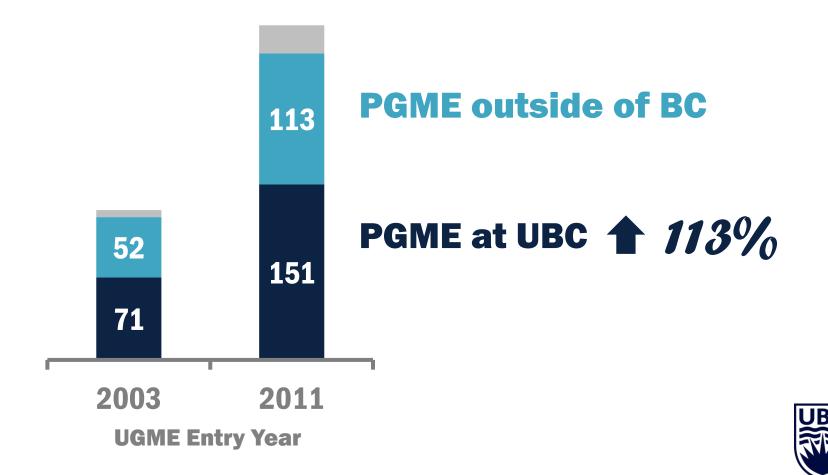
# Entry-level positions have increased two-fold since 2000.

# PGME 184% UGME 136%

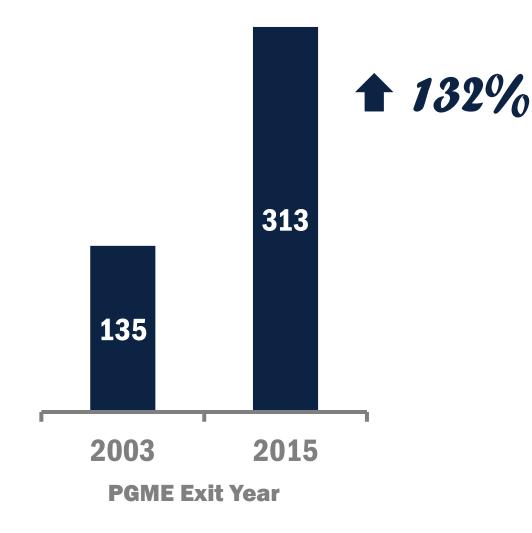




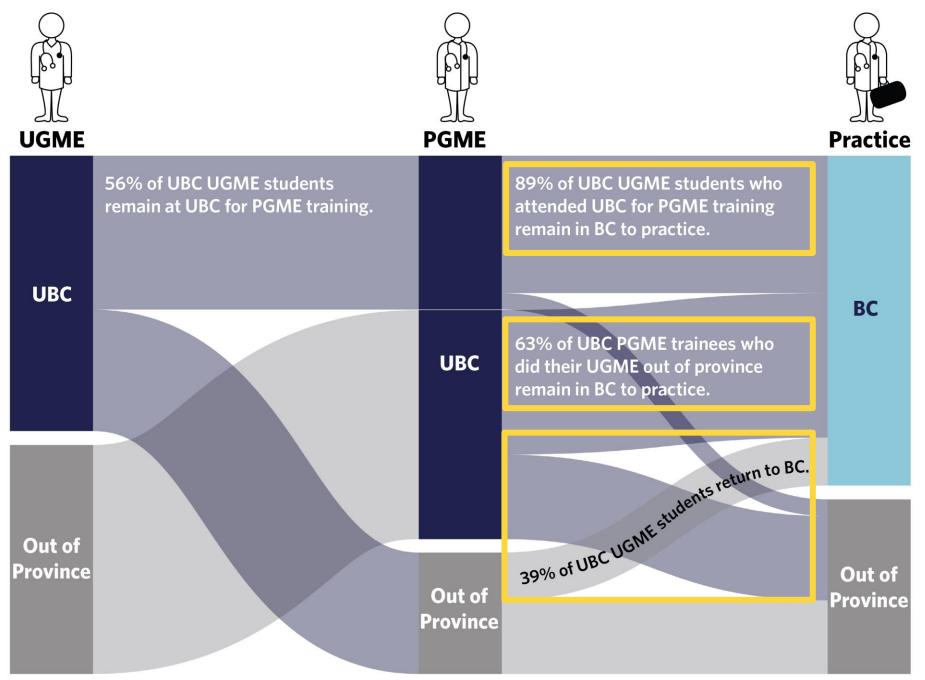
# Large increase in number of UBC UGME trainees remaining at UBC for residency.



# Number of PGME residents completing training each year has more than doubled.







Data: MDs graduating between 2004-2013 (n=2471)

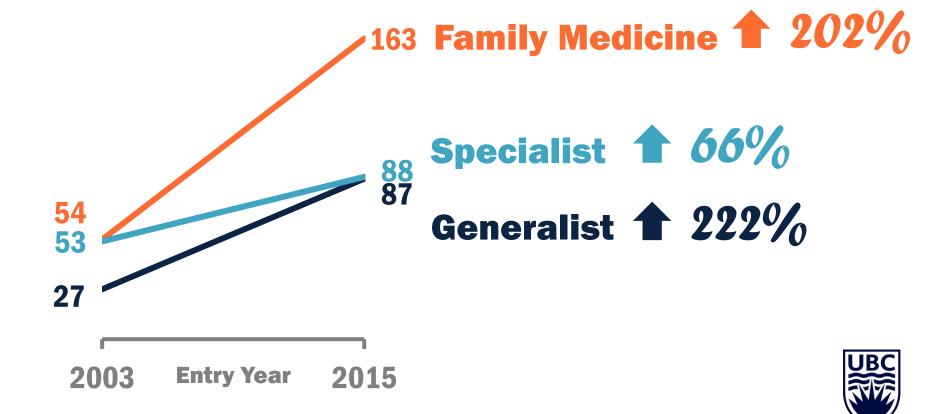
Note: Those practicing in BC who completed both UGME and PGME ouside of the province are not represented here.

# UBC IS ENHANCING HEALTHCARE DELIVERY & CAPACITY BY INCREASING THE SUPPLY OF PRIMARY CARE

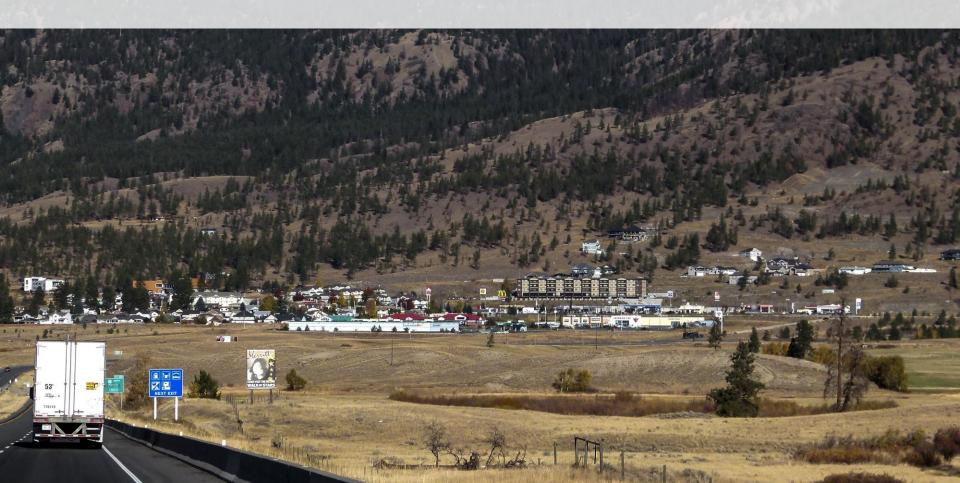
PHYSICIANS

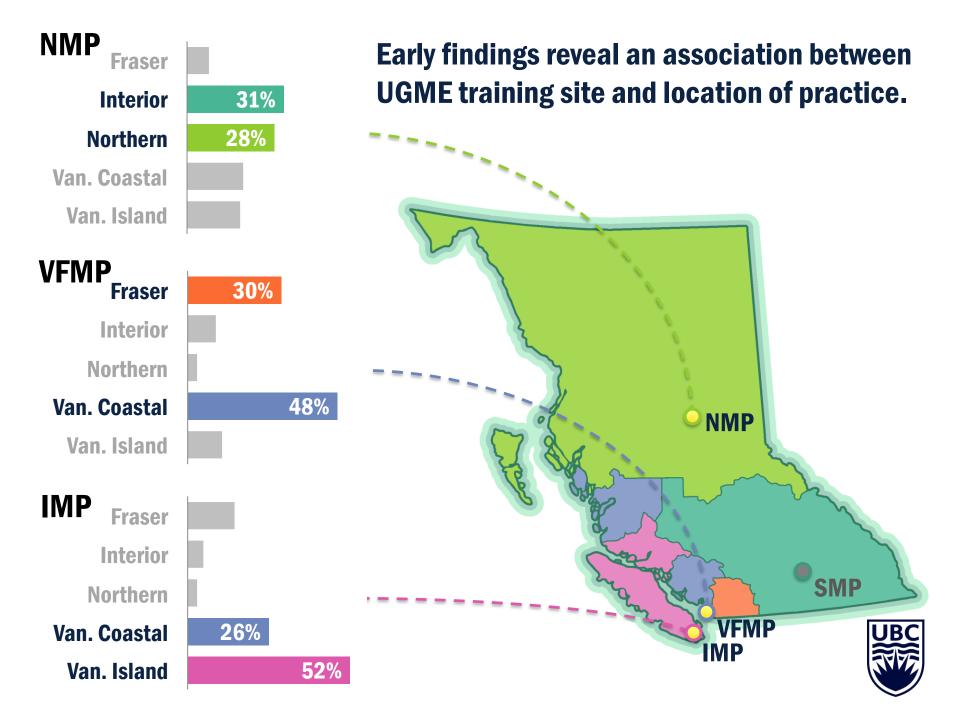


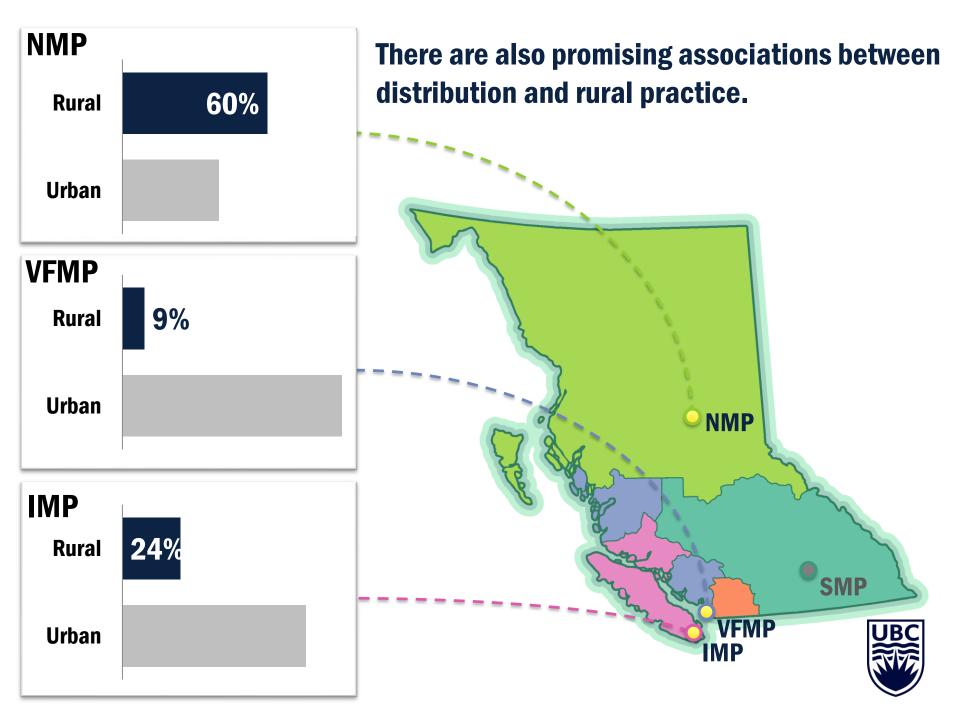
Expansion in UBC residency programs has led to a three-fold increase in the number of PGY1 primary care trainees.



# **UBC TRAINED PHYSICIANS ARE** PRACTICING IN RURAL & SMALL TOWNS WHERE TRAINING TOOK PLACE







"This (distributed medical education) approach requires full collaboration among the relevant stakeholders, including academic institutions, government, health authorities, medical association, and communities at large."



In summary, UBC's distributed medical education is contributing to physician human resources in BC by...

- increasing the overall supply of physicians.
- enhancing healthcare capacity by increasing the supply of primary care physicians.
- training physicians who are practicing in rural & small towns where training took place.

